

P/N: L-7113SRD-D

SUPER BRIGHT RED

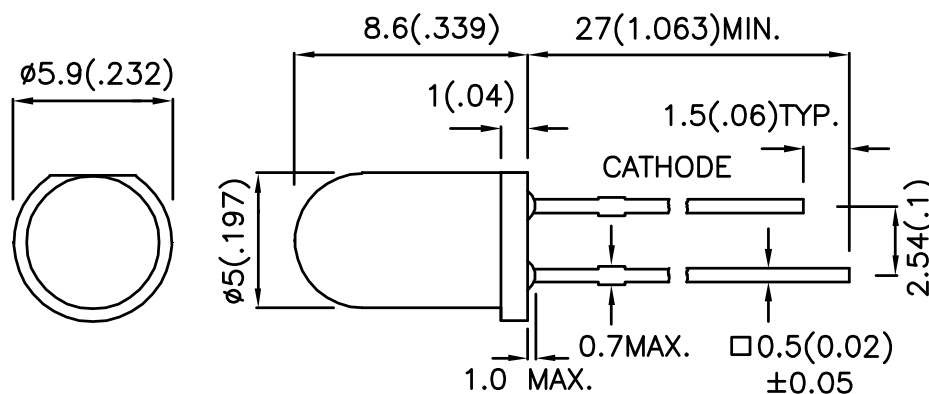
Features

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- POPULAR T-1 3/4 DIAMETER PACKAGE.
- GENERAL PURPOSE LEADS.
- RELIABLE AND RUGGED.
- LONG LIFE - SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- AVAILABLE ON TAPE AND REEL.
- RoHS COMPLIANT.

Description

The Super Bright Red source color devices are made with Gallium Aluminum Arsenide Red Light Emitting Diode.

Package Dimensions



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25 (0.01)$ unless otherwise noted.
3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA		Viewing Angle
			Min.	Typ.	2 θ 1/2
L-7113SRD-D	SUPER BRIGHT RED (GaAlAs)	RED DIFFUSED	180	250	30°

Note:

1. θ 1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λ_{peak}	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Red	660		nm	IF=20mA
λ_D	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Red	640		nm	IF=20mA
$\Delta\lambda_{1/2}$	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Red	20		nm	IF=20mA
C	Capacitance	Super Bright Red	45		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Red	1.85	2.5	V	IF=20mA
IR	Reverse Current	Super Bright Red		10	uA	VR = 5V

Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

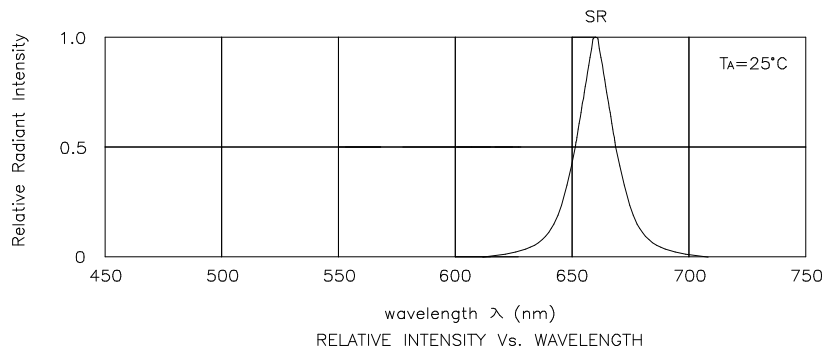
Parameter	Super Bright Red	Units
Power dissipation	100	mW
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Peak Forward Current [1]	155	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating / Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C	
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds	
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds	

Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

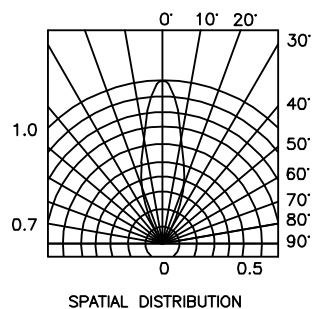
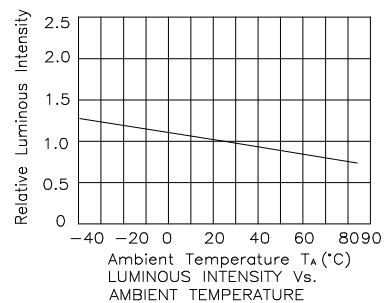
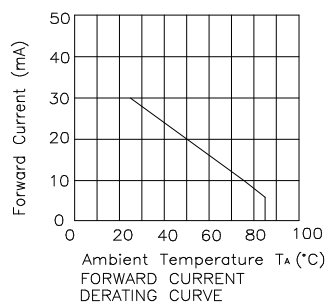
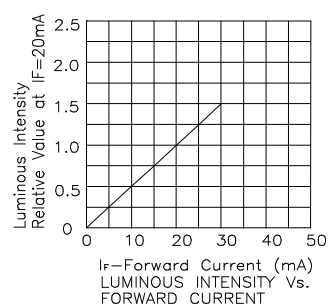
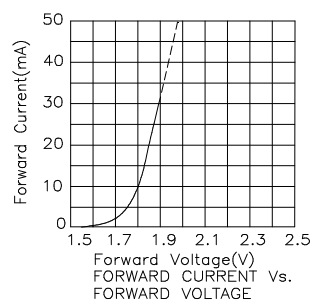
2. 2mm below package base.

3. 5mm below package base.



Super Bright Red

L-7113SRD-D



Remarks:

If special sorting is required (e.g. binning based on forward voltage, Luminous intensity/ luminous flux, or wavelength), the typical accuracy of the sorting process is as follows:

1. Wavelength: $\pm 1\text{nm}$
2. Luminous intensity/ luminous flux: $\pm 15\%$
3. Forward Voltage: $\pm 0.1\text{V}$

Note: Accuracy may depend on the sorting parameters.